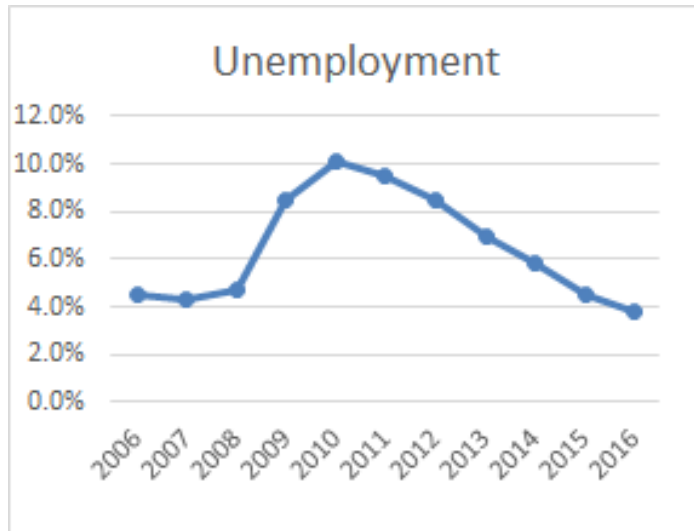


Regional Labor Market and Economic Information

Community college enrollment levels typically drop when job markets are strong. Jobless rates have been dropping for the last five to six years, and unemployment rates in San Francisco are even lower than in surrounding cities, dropping below 4 percent in 2016. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, job growth in the recent year is occurring in all significant sectors across the region, with job growth in the construction sector in the lead.



Data for March: San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA Metropolitan Statistical Area

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

http://data.bls.gov/timeseries/LAUMT064186000000006?data_tool=Xgtable

http://www.bls.gov/regions/west/ca_sanfrancisco_msa.htm

	Mar. 2016	Change from Mar. 2015 to Mar. 2016	
		Number	Percent
Total nonfarm	2,295.5	71.1	3.2
Mining and logging	0.9	-0.1	-10.0
Construction	114.4	8.7	8.2
Manufacturing	126.4	1.2	1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	370.1	12.2	3.4
Information	85.9	3.4	4.1
Financial activities	129.2	1.3	1.0
Professional and business services	472.0	19.3	4.3
Education and health services	340.9	14.1	4.3
Leisure and hospitality	257.5	6.0	2.4
Other services	83.5	0.7	0.8
Government	314.7	4.3	1.4

in Thousands

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

http://www.bls.gov/regions/west/summary/blssummary_sanfrancisco.pdf

	Income @ 20th percentile	Income @ 95th percentile	95/20 ratio 2014
SF Oakland-Hayward MSA	\$ 31,761	\$ 353,483	11.1
San Francisco	\$ 26,366	\$ 383,202	14.5

Household Income, 2014

Source: Brookings Institution

Retrieved on June 2, 2016, from:

<http://www.brookings.edu/research/papers/2016/01/14-income-inequality-cities-update-berube-holmes>

In addition, the cost of housing in the San Francisco area is very expensive compared to other cities, following steep increases which have been occurring in recent years.

